

THE EVENING BULLETIN.

VOLUME XVI.

MAYSVILLE, KY., SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 1897.

NUMBER 254.

LYNCHING IN MEXICO.

President Diaz's Assailant Was Killed in Jail.

HACKED AND RIDDLED BY A MOB.

The Victim Had No Chance, Being in a Straight Jacket When Visited—The Police Surprised, but They Managed to Catch a Few of the Mob, Who Belonged to the Common People.

CITY OF MEXICO, Sept. 18.—A most sensational ending to the attempt on the life of President Diaz occurred yesterday morning when Anelino Arroyo was lynched by a band of common people determined on revenge. It was an act unprecedented in the history of this country. At 1 o'clock in the morning a number of men belonging to the common people forced their way into the municipal palace, ascending the stairway, overcame the guards and made their way to the office of the inspector general of police and killed Arroyo, whom they found there. The killing was followed by a noisy retreat.

The assistant chief of police, who was sleeping in an adjoining room, was awakened by the noise. He arose and ran to the balcony, firing his pistol as a signal for help. At the same time he called to a policeman who was in sight, to make an attempt to detain the lynchers who were making their escape. The firing of pistols and the whistles of policemen brought other officers, who succeeded in capturing a score of persons. It was not long before the inspector general and Inspector Villavicencio arrived on horseback.

When the police entered the room, they found the body of the dead man lying in the middle of the floor. It was literally riddled and hacked with knife stabs. At his side were found a door bar and several knives and other steel instruments. An examination showed that the panes of a window were broken. The men who were captured would not say anything.

At 3 o'clock was found a group of people on one of the side streets a few blocks from Zocalo. They were talking and discussing the lynching. They appeared to know all about the affair and were evidently in receipt of knowledge as to its origin and inspiration, but when they were approached by reporters they suddenly became non-communistic. On several other streets reporters found people who seemed to know all about the killing. It may be the report spread, or it may be that the people intended to take vengeance upon the assailant of the president.

When Arroyo was surprised by the lynchees he was sitting in a chair in the northeast corner of what once was General Carballada's private office. There, mixed with fragments of window panes, was a long pool of blood, marking the spot where Arroyo had been stabbed. The body was removed to the fourth ward police station.

The gendarmes who were guarding Arroyo were unarmed. If they had been armed they would have fired on the mob.

Over 200 people penetrated the building. When they surprised Arroyo he was in a straight jacket and could make no resistance. He seemed too terrified to speak.

Reports differ as to the exact nature of the assault made by Arroyo upon President Diaz. One report says that the fellow struck the president with a cane, another that he merely used the palm of his hand, slapping Diaz upon the back of the head. After his arrest Arroyo had asserted that he was a great friend of the president and had merely attempted to embrace him. Arroyo is alleged to have been intoxicated at the time.

Arroyo had been in prison several times, on one occasion for shooting a man. His acquaintances say he was somewhat crazy and inclined to acts of violence. He drove his father to despair and death by his conduct, having forged his father's name. He was 32 years of age, son of a tailor, but was given liberal education and became for a time a military cadet and then took up law.

President Diaz in a speech yesterday deplored the lynching of Arroyo and declared if there was any fault in the vigilance on the part of the police it should be investigated and the consequences fall on the head of the culpable persons.

ALL DAMAGING TO LUETGERT.

The Prosecution Will Close Its Case With Some Strong Evidence.

CHICAGO, Sept. 18.—Yesterday's trial of the Luetgert case was given up to technical evidence and there was little of interest in the trial for the outsider. The prosecution will close its case with some strong evidence tending to prove the motive for the alleged crime. The state will endeavor to show that infatuation for Mary Siemering, the servant girl in the Luetgert household, was the cause of the murder. It will be claimed that the big sausagemaker desired to make the girl his wife, and that he put Mrs. Luetgert out of the way in order to permit his marriage with the girl.

To prove this theory Frank Bialk and Frank Odrofsky employees of Luetgert, who have already testified in the case, will be put upon the stand and will give evidence relating to the domestic affairs of Luetgert. They are expected to testify as to the fondness of Luetgert for Mary Siemering and the indignant opposition to the girl's presence in the house made by Mrs. Luetgert. The frequent visits of Mary Siemering to Luetgert in the sausage factory at unusual hours of the night will be de-

tailed. Both men will tell of seeing Luetgert chase his wife upon one occasion with a revolver, and they will tell of threats which they heard him make. With this evidence in, the state will rest.

CONDITION OF BUSINESS.

B. G. Dun & Company's Weekly Trade Report.

NEW YORK, Sept. 18.—R. G. Dun & Company's weekly review of trade says: The end of the bituminous coal strike and the return of many thousand men to work at advanced wages adds to the purchasing power of the people and the anthracite strike affects not a fifth as many workers. The starting of many mines and works, enormous exports of wheat and corn, the favorable news as to those crops and cotton, the fall in sterling exchange and the report showing that gold imports began in August, exceeding exports by \$2,990,587, while merchandise exports exceeded imports by \$40,953,753, have all contributed to forward the improvement in business. The replenishment of stocks can not be had, though some who could see no sign of improvement a few weeks ago, are now finding them so vast and rapid that they fear reaction. But consumers as well as dealers have also to supply themselves after years of enforced economy, and while their power to purchase is increasing every day, and their actual buying at retail, reasons for apprehension are not urgent. When the tide rises after four years of depression it does not fall again after four weeks.

The wheat market has declined over 5 cents on account of crop reports which promise larger prosperity and corn and cotton are both a little lower for like reasons. Yet estimates of the highest financial authorities regarding requirements from this country are not smaller, but larger than before, while better prospects in Argentina, Australia and India hold out no promise of large European supplies, or of any until winter is about over. Atlantic exports of wheat, flour included, are more than double last year each week, and in two weeks 8,820,313 bushels, against 4,107,721 last year, and of corn 7,095,363 bushels, against 3,987,826 last year. From the Pacific coast wheat is also moving largely, 22 engrosses from San Francisco this month, and over 548,985 bushels in seven days from Portland. Corn declined over 3 cents with growing belief that the yield will surpass estimates. Cotton was depressed from 7 1/2 to 7 cents with favorable news of yield, although the mills are now consuming with great rapidity.

The stock market had another one of its reactions on Monday, but on Tuesday was higher than ever. The reactions thus far have been significant. After the average of 60 stocks had risen \$4 per share, it fell 36 cents in two days of reaction in June, and then rose again. After rising \$5 more, it fell 17 cents Aug. 9, then rose another \$1, and had a serious reaction of 60 cents on the 17th, but was higher than ever within a week. Aug. 24 and 25 it fell 25 cents, but it then rose \$3 more. Sept. 13 its reaction averaged 25 cents, and it has since advanced \$1.07.

The iron industry again shows increasing demand and an average of prices nearly 1 per cent higher, due to purchasing by consumers. Buying of 100,000 tons of Bessemer pig at Pittsburgh has advanced the price to \$10, gray forge is hard to find there at \$9.15, and billets sell at \$15.50, with output increased to 12,431 tons weekly. Connellsburg coke advances to \$1.40 for furnace.

Textile mills are more fully employed than at any other time for years, though new buying has diminished in amount and though while the number of orders received is still large, the amount is smaller. The demand is still very good for the season and prices are firm throughout with some further advances. Actual buying of wool by mills is increasing at all markets, with the belief that foreign supplies are short.

Failures for the week have been 204 in the United States, against 317 last year, and 40 in Canada, against 32 last year.

BALLOON SIGHTED IN ARCTIC RUSSIA.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 18.—A telegraphic message received here from Krasnoyarsk, in the interior of Siberia, says that on Sept. 14, at 11 o'clock at night, the inhabitants of the village of Antzifirovskoe, in the district of Yeniseisk, Arctic Russia, saw a balloon believed to be that of Professor Andrei, the Swedish aeronaut, who left the island of Tromsoe shortly before 2:30 p.m., on July 11, in an attempt to cross the Polar regions. The balloon, it is added, was in sight for about five minutes.

SPEECHLESS AND UNCONSCIOUS.

HUNTINGTON, W. Va., Sept. 18.—Constable Wilson of Squire Ratcliff's court stepped into an alley Wednesday night and was struck by an unknown party on the head. He has been speechless and unconscious ever since and physicians say he can not recover. Either robbery or the avenging of an insult is ascribed as a motive for the deed. The officer is 30 years old and very popular.

WABASH, Ind., Sept. 18.—Mrs. Dicey Reynolds, an aged woman, living near Lincolnville, this county, for the last 80 years, died last evening of injuries sustained seven weeks ago while milking a cow. The animal threw her over and inflicted internal injuries.

LAST YEAR'S SCALE SIGNED.

ELWOOD, Ind., Sept. 18.—The lamp chimney manufacturers signed the last year's scale of wages and the factories will start at once. The two here and the one at Alexandria will start next week, giving employment to 1,400.

FEVER IS INCREASING

Ravages of Yellow Jack Assuming a Serious Aspect.

NEW CASES AT SEVERAL PLACES.

One More Death Has Occurred in New Orleans—Eight New Cases in That City. Fifteen New Cases Reported at Edwards and Seven at Ocean Springs—Biloxi Makes an Appeal for Aid.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 18.—The fever situation in New Orleans has assumed a somewhat more serious aspect than at any time since Sunday, when six of the St. Claude cases were declared to be yellow fever. The board of health has officially announced the appearance of eight new cases and of these one death, that of Zena Brauner.

The cases are scattered all over town and the death was of a case which had not been decided yellow fever, and did not seem so until the last day.

The citizens are quietly organizing themselves into a force to assist in the work of thorough sanitation, appointing a volunteer foreman for each square to superintend street cleaning and the thorough disinfection of each household.

A heavy rainstorm yesterday afternoon, lasting for several hours, flooded the streets, thoroughly flushed the gutters and tempered the atmosphere, and while cooler weather is somewhat dangerous for the sick, it is a material aid in frustrating a spread of the disease.

The city is comparatively calm. People continue to leave in small parties, but there is nothing like the wild exodus that depopulated Mobile, Jackson and other cities.

The situation is somewhat quieter at Ocean Springs. Three new cases, however, are reported.

The report of the board of health at Biloxi says that there are 19 cases of actual yellow fever under treatment with diagnosis reserved as to 12 cases. There were seven new cases reported during the past 24 hours. The doctors at Biloxi are tempted now no longer to class cases as suspicious, but to come out boldly and say that they are yellow fever.

SITUATION AT OCEAN SPRINGS.

Seven New Cases Reported, Making Twenty-Five Now Sick.

OCEAN SPRINGS, Miss., Sept. 18.

The situation here is not encouraging. Mr. Brantford, who was reported by Surgeon Murray Thursday, is in a very critical condition. Several of the dengue patients have taken a turn for the worse, although none of them are considered as critically ill.

There were seven new cases of the prevailing fever reported yesterday. Total number now sick 25.

At Scranton, Miss., there are no new cases, and the sick are reported as doing well.

At Augusta, Miss., Rev. T. S. Powell of Brandon died of yellow fever. No other cases of yellow fever reported from there.

INCREASING AT EDWARDS.

Fifteen New Cases Reported to the State Board of Health.

WICKSBURG, Miss., Sept. 18.—Dr. Purnell reports to state board of health 15 new cases of yellow fever, including one convalescent at Edwards, the worst report yet. Four trained nurses have been sent to Edwards by special train.

Dr. Purnell furnishes the names of 10 of the victims as follows: Miss Eve Waeblinger, Frank Rossman, Fred Waeblinger, Miss Blanch Harris, Percy Birdsong, Mrs. Barrett, Miss Petrine Lewis, John Chase, colored; and two members of the Gray family, residing three miles in the country. None of the cases are critical.

BILOXI APPEALS FOR AID.

BILOXI, Miss., Sept. 18.—The city council last night adopted resolutions calling on the public for aid, stating that all factories and other industries have closed down thus throwing all the laboring people out of employment, that nearly all the sick are of that class and unable to purchase medicines and other things necessary in such urgency.

ONE DEATH AT MOBILE.

MOBILE, Sept. 18.—There has been no increase in the ratio of cases and but one additional death, that of J. L. Taylor, a bricklayer, who came here from West Virginia four weeks ago. He had been in a bad condition physically ever since his arrival.

COUNTERFEITER AND ANARCHIST.

Sensational Capture by Secret Service Men in Indiana.

VALPARAISO, Ind., Sept. 18.—Major Carter of Indianapolis, Thomas B. Porter and A. L. Gallaher, prominent secret service men, assisted by Sheriff Green, made one of the most important captures of counterfeitors in years in the arrest of Henry A. W. Brown, a photographer of this city, and Theodore Hansen, a farmer's boy.

The entire outfit for making money, together with \$1, \$2 and \$5 bills of their work, was captured. Brown is said to be an anarchist and was intimate with Neese and Parsons at the time of the Haymarket riot.

THREATEN VENGEANCE.

The Indiana Lynching May Lead to a Bloody Vendetta.

OSGOOD, Ind., Sept. 18.—There is still much excitement here over the lynching of the five men at Versailles Tuesday night. Late yesterday a report became current that Peter Hostetter, the man who "gave away" the men who were lynched, had reappeared upon the streets of Osgood. Soon it became apparent that he was being looked for, and the patrolling of every street was begun by people that boded no good for the man whom the relatives of the lynched men declare they will hold personally responsible for the death of their kindred.

It is reported that since the return from the funerals of three of the victims that a number of their relatives met together for consultation regarding what course to pursue in the matter and the result of that conference is said to have given birth to a vendetta that is to be nurtured into bloody life.

Ed Singer, the deputy sheriff who shot Clifford Gordon, persisted in pursuit of the wounded robber until he captured him at the residence of Will Jenkins.

Mrs. Jenkins declared that the officer should not remove him from her house. Hot words ensued and a riotous time followed, but Singer could not be diverted from his intentions, and Gordon was placed upon a cot and taken to jail.

As they carried him from the room Mrs. Jenkins stepped up to Singer, and confronting him with flashing eyes, said: "You can talk him, but I swear that if anything happens to him I will kill you the first opportunity that presents."

The undaunted officer paid no heed to the fierce threat, but it is alleged that the bereaved woman who mourns a husband has reiterated her determination with a greater show of determination to execute her desire for vengeance.

It is said that Deputy Sheriff Will Willis, who aided Singer in the pursuit and arrest of Gordon and Andrews, has been embraced with Hostetter in the trio of marked men who have been decreed to die as a sacrifice upon the altar of vengeance.

The alleged doomed men are not alarmed, as it is known that if they fall victims a fearful retribution will follow, for the organization of citizens that was forced into existence by the lawless element of the county, and that demonstrated in such a deadly manner its power and effectiveness of purpose, will retaliate with annihilating vengeance.

It has been learned that the outlaw gang numbered but 29 persons in the county, bound together by oaths, with passwords and other adjuncts of a band of fraternity and pledged to punish the traitor who should spring from their ranks.

Shrewdness and ability marked their government, and enabled them to defy the law and officers with impunity.

But a few months ago, when the famous Seymour bloodhounds were brought here to track criminals to their abodes, the animals were secretly poisoned, and one of them died. Every person owning a watch dog was almost certain to have the animal poisoned or shot. But a few nights ago Mr. Glasgow, one of the leading merchants of Osgood, had a very valuable watch dog poisoned at his store. When it was ascertained how the outlaw gang operated and flourished, the present vigilance committee was formed, based on an oath-bound organization, with intelligence and discipline governing their action. They have become too formidable for banded thieves to contend with, as it is definitely known now that it numbers over 400 members, and is still growing. Hence futile and suicidal becomes the attempt to get even, of the criminal element.

Excitement has broken forth afresh because of the precipitous flight of the two Drs. Joseph, father and son, who have left together, leaving no trace of their whereabouts. The vigilance committee had considered the cases of other alleged criminals and sent out warning notices, and consternation is spreading.

Mrs. Joseph stated last night that her husband and son had left the country because they thought it unsafe to remain here. Several weeks since the two doctors were arrested on the charge of robbing the Kamman family, near Milan, but were acquitted at a preliminary trial. The elder doctor was pension examiner a few years ago.

COMPANY STORE BLOWN UP.

The Act Attributed to Striking New Mexico Miners.

SANTA FE, N. M., Sept. 18.—A telegram from Raton received here states that the company store at Blossburg, owned by the Raton Coal and Coke company, has been blown up by gunpowder. The building and contents were destroyed, but were fully insured. Coal miners are accused of the act.

Trouble has been brewing for weeks between the company and the miners, 350 in number. Last month the miners who rent company tenements and deal with the company store are said to have had but three and one-half days of work, receiving 60 cents per ton for mining coal. A few days ago they were notified that they might resume work at a cut of 20 per cent. They refused this and walked out.

JAPAN IS WISE.

They Know They Could Not Hope to Conquer Uncle Sam.

TORONTO, Sept. 18.—John Harp of the Chinese imperial customs service, San Tein Saa, has arrived here on a 15 months' furlough. Mr. Harp says that when he left Shanghai some weeks ago, it was not seriously thought there would be a war between the United States and Japan.

Should such a war break out, said Mr. Harp, the Japanese could not hope to succeed against a great country like the United States, as the finances of the former would soon give out. The Japanese are brave and they have a good navy. At first they might win a few battles, but they would be long have to yield before the prolonged struggle which the inexhaustible resources of the United States would enable the latter to maintain.

PICKED UP A RAILROAD TORPEDO.

MARIETTA,

WHEAT GROWERS can get the best BLUESTONE at CHENOWETH'S DRUG STORE

EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
ROSSER & McCARTHY,
Proprietors.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICES OF DAILY.
One month..... \$1 50 Three months..... 35 00
Six months..... 1 10 One year..... 3 00

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1897.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

Election, Tuesday, November 2nd, 1897.]
For Clerk of the Court of Appeals.

J. S. SHACKLEFORD.

For Circuit Judge.

JAMES P. BARBESON.

For Commonwealth's Attorney.

JAMES H. SALLIE.

For Representative.

JAMES E. CALHOUN.

For Circuit Clerk.

ISAAC WOODWARD.

For County Judge.

CHARLES D. NEWELL.

For County Clerk.

CLARENCE L. WOOD.

For County Attorney.

FRANK P. O'DONNELL.

For Sheriff.

SAMUEL P. PERRINE.

For Superintendent of Schools.

G. W. BLATTERMAN.

For Jailer.

L. L. MELVAIN.

For Coroner.

JOSEPH D. WOOD.

For Assessor.

C. BURGESS TAYLOR.

For Surveyor.

OLIVER HORN.

For Justice of the Peace.

First District—Wm. B. Grant.

Second District—

Third District—John J. Perline.

Fourth District—John J. Thompson.

Fifth District—John Ryan.

Sixth District—

Seventh District—Wm. H. Rice.

Eighth District—M. D. Farrow.

For Constable.

First District—S. D. McDowell.

Second District—

Third District—J. G. Osborne.

Fourth District—W. L. Woodward.

Fifth District—Robert W. Alexander.

Sixth District—Wm. Tugge.

Eighth District—Gus L. Tolle.

INDICATIONS—Generally fair weather, warmer; light westerly winds.

LET the people of Indiana and Kentucky and every other State regulate their own internal affairs, lynching with the rest, and no one will suffer but criminals.

If that lynching had been at Versailles, Kentucky, instead of Indiana, and the parties had been black instead of white, as they were in Indiana, what a cry would have gone up from one end of the North to the other at Southern outrages and lawlessness?

The news from the grain pits indicates very strongly that the speculators are having a great deal more to do with the price of wheat than the Republican administration. The speculators, in the face of a strong demand, are gradually forcing down the price.

RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT.

A Tribute to the Late H. H. Collins by the Teachers of the City.

At a meeting of the teachers of the city schools, a committee was appointed to draft resolutions expressing the sense of the teachers on the death of Mr. H. H. Collins. They offered the following:

WHEREAS, The All-wise Father has seen fit to remove by death Mr. H. H. Collins, a member of the Board of Education of the city.

Resolved, That we the teachers deplore his loss, and hereby extend our heartfelt sympathy to his bereaved family. We will ever remember his kindness and gratitude, and cherish in our memories his example as an upright citizen, a faithful official and a true friend. We further

Resolved, That these resolutions be published in the city papers and a copy be sent to his sorrowing family.

HAYES THOMAS,
ELIA B. METCALFE, Com.
H. C. SMITH.

Grand Excursion to Cincinnati Via C. and O. Sunday, September 19th.

Grand championship game of baseball, Cincinnati Reds vs. St. Louis Browns. Don't fail to go on this cheap excursion, as this will be the last Sunday game of baseball this season. Tickets good going on train No. 17 passing Maysville at 8:50 a.m. Good returning on special train leaving Fourth Street Depot 7:15 p.m. Fare for the round trip from Maysville \$1. Remember there is no better time in the year than September to visit Cincinnati, as all the resorts and theatres are now open and you will be certain to enjoy yourself. Plenty of coaches for all. Apply to C. and O. agents for further information.

PERSONAL.

—Mr. S. P. Bridges is visiting his daughter at South Solon, O.

—Mrs. Ben Marshall and son, Charles, left Friday to visit Miss Birtie Wallis near Lexington.

—Mrs. James Cummings is at Millersburg with her sister, Mrs. James Woolcum, who is still very ill.

—Mr. James H. Bennett and two daughters, of Georgetown, Ill., are visiting the family of Squire A. J. Brittain, of Maysburg, and other relatives in the county.

THAT BRIBERY CASE.

Sensational Testimony by Franks and Wilson, Two of the Defendants.
After Mr. Gaines.

The trial of Dr. Hunter, ex-Congressman John Henry Wilson and E. T. Franke, three Republican politicians, for attempting to bribe members of the Legislature to vote for the first named has brought out some sensational evidence, which shows very clearly that there was a dicker of some sort in progress, but it was not completed.

Franks and Wilson testified Friday. They try to shift the whole thing onto Gaines, (who was jointly indicted with them), and make it appear as though they were on to his scheme, and had no wrong intentions in what they did.

Franks testified he was called to Gaines' coal office one day. Gaines and Tanner were there. Tanner retired and Franks held a conference with Gaines. Gaines said he had some parties that he could get to vote for Hunter. They then wanted \$8,000 each. Franks said he would report the matter to Dr. Hunter, and did so. Dr. Hunter advised him to let the matter alone, saying, 'It is a trap.' At another conference Gaines said he could get the parties for \$15,000, or \$5,000 each. The matter went on until a few days before April 10th, when Gaines came to room 9 at the Capital Hotel. He wanted \$16,000. He said he had performed his part of the contract. Franks told him he had no money. He said he knew that, but that Hunter and Wilson did have it. Wilson held a conference with Gaines, and it was offered to put the money in the safe of M. P. Gray, but they refused to give Gaines anything. Gaines demanded \$1,000 for his services.

Continuing, Mr. Franks said that Gaines had called him to a coal office near the penitentiary, and told him unless he was given \$1,000 he would put Wilson in stripes and "Wilson could practice law from the Kentucky penitentiary as Charlie Moore had run his Lexington paper from jail." He refused to give up the money and warned Gaines, who said there was a man who would protect him.

Wilson, in his testimony, admitted he had gone to Gaines' house on being told the latter had three members of the Legislature who wished to confer about voting. None of Legislators were present, and Gaines soon told him that one of them refused to come, that the fellow was willing to talk with Franks but was afraid of Wilson. Wilson also admitted he was at Gaines' house a second time when the latter wanted the \$16,000. He said Gaines insisted on having his \$1,000.

Tobacco Market Very Firm.

Only thirty-eight hogsheads of tobacco were offered on the Cincinnati breaks Friday. The Post says: "These experienced a good demand and firm prices, but shippers are looking for better than firm prices. A golden halo surrounds their picture of the future market, and at the present time indications almost assure the realization of a brilliant market at some future date—as soon as manufacturers accept the true situation and acknowledge the higher prices which the rule of demand and supply seems destined to enforce. A normal consumption of tobacco would more than exhaust the growing crop."

These persons that carried off the doylies from the room of the Darby Gas Burner last evening had better return same, or the officers will be after them immediately.

I. M. LANE.

On account of the celebration of the one hundred anniversary of the city of Augusta October 2 the C. ad O. will sell round trip tickets Maysville to Augusta at 50c. Tickets on sale October 2; good returning until October 3rd.

DR. T. H. N. SMITH, a member of Council from the Fourth ward, is formally announced as a candidate for reelection. He is one of the city's most faithful guardians, and was largely instrumental in securing the handsome improvement "Fountain Square."

WINCHESTER SUN: "Thos. Baskett has resigned his position as Superintendent of the Winchester Power Laundry, and will engage in the same business as proprietor at Maysville. Mr. Baskett is one of our best citizens and we regret very much to lose him; at the same time we wish him the success he so well deserves, and heartily commend him and his excellent family to the good people of his new home."

MERCHANTS who have taken space in the Floral Hall will begin Monday to arrange their display. The friendly rivalry which is now on is an indication that the displays and exhibits is more beautiful than ever. From every quarter come enquiries and the space which is usually ample will be used up, and twice as much more will be had. All goods for premiums must be entered Tuesday.

The Superintendent will be on the grounds from 8:30 a.m. till 4 in the afternoon, so bring your articles that day as all must be in order for Wednesday at 10 a.m.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

FIRE INSURANCE.—J. C. Everett.

A fine rain fell Thursday at Washington and south of there.

THE Old Gold Mills are making a specialty of the exchange trade.

MEALS served at dining hall during the Maysville fair for only 35 cents.

THE latest fads in stationery are found at Henry W. Ray's postoffice drug store.

THE temperature this morning was down to 50°, a drop of about 45° since Thursday.

Be sure and get one of the tickets that are being distributed and take your lady friend free to the opera house Monday night.

Don't forget the Yellow Ribbon Fair, September 30th and October 1st. Write to the Secretary, W. E. Shelton, and buy privileges.

MISS MARY LYLE, a belle of Danville, is the nominee of the Republicans and Goldtie Democrats for Superintendent of Schools of Boyle County.

TAYLOR Brothers at Washington are selling twenty pounds Havemeyer's granulated sugar for \$1 and ten pounds Arbuckles' coffee for \$1, cash.

COMMENCING next Wednesday and continuing during the rest of the week, all the C. and O.'s accommodation trains will stop at the Maysville fair grounds.

ON account of the Lexington trotting races, the L. and N. will sell round-trip tickets to Lexington at one fare (\$2.10), October 4th to 16th. Return limit October 18th.

MR. JOHN T. PARKER, while handling a young horse Friday at his livery stable, was caught between a shaft and a tree and painfully injured in the side and shoulder.

SUNDAY, September 19th, the C. and O. will sell round trip tickets to Cincinnati for train 17 leaving Maysville 8:50 a.m., and returning same day on special train leaving Fourth Street Depot at 7:15 p.m. at \$1.

MISS ELLA DUGAN, who formerly lived at Aberdeen and whose parents afterwards removed her to Florida hoping the change would be beneficial to their daughter's health, died a few days ago at her home in Adams County.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH, S. D. Dutcher, pastor. Sunday school at 9:30 a.m.; preaching at 10:30 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. Morning subject, "Respect for the Ordinances of the Lord." Evening subject, "The Spirit of Adoption." Christian Endeavor at 6:30 p.m.

IMPROVE your eyes—get rid of that rough grinding feeling of the lids and clear your sight by applying Sutherland's Eagle Eye Salve. Thousands of people who never had sore eyes use it to clear the sight and strengthen the eyes. For sale at Chenoweth's.

AN exchange gives this method of keeping cut watermelons. "If a melon is too large for the family, cut in two and place one-half flat on a dish and pour water in the dish to exclude the air. It answers admirably, and it will keep for twenty-four hours as fresh as when just cut."

THE announcement of Mr. Charles Burgess Pearce for re-election to the Board of Council from the Second ward appears elsewhere in this issue. Mr. Pearce is serving his second or third term, and has proven one of the most watchful in looking after the city's interests, always attentive to his official duties.

FREMONT's elegant company opens the theatrical season here on next Monday night, when they will present the comedy success, "The Old Soldier." Mr.

Fremont has gotten together a clever company of artists, and his stamp of approval should be a sufficient guarantee to his many friends and patrons here that they will see first-class productions. Popular prices will obtain—only 10, 20 and 30 cents. Seats on sale Saturday morning at Nelson's.

A Medley of Merit!



PILLOW SHAMS.—A few Irish linen Pillow Shams in chain stitch Roman embroidery, all white or white and canary, \$1 each. Best be in time.

DRESSER SCARFS.—Same style and quality as shams, but more elaborately embroidered, \$1.10, \$1.37.

NOTIONS.—Corset Laces 1c. a pair; Loop top Shell Hair Pins 10c. a dozen; Elastic Corset Laces 1c. each; Cabinet Hair Pins, four kinds, two boxes for 5c.; white garter elastic, one inch wide, 5c. a yard; Feather Fans, handsomely mounted, blue, pink, cream or scarlet, 50c.

BICYCLE SUITINGS.—A sturdy stuff for wheelwomen, woven in a sort of camotier, elastic enough to give rather than tear when caught in heel or treadle. A dust shredder as good for tramping as for wheeling. Give your dress a shake and there you are ready for hotel, parlor or dining room when stopping over on your tour; thirty inches. Several color mixtures; 12c.

SATURDAY NIGHT

THE FLEXIBONE CORSET.—You have no excuse to be pinched and cramped and made uncomfortable by thick, heavy Corsets. Here is a Flexibone Corset: French horn stays run through strong coulisse—that means the greatest possible Comfort. We ordered six dozen during the summer, when factory orders were slow. That fact lets you have them for 50c. instead of 75c. a pair.



D. HUNT & SON.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

MUNICIPAL OFFICES.

We are authorized to announce DUKE A. RUDY as a candidate for Mayor of the City of Maysville, subject to the will of the people, at the November election, 1897.

We are authorized to announce JOHN L. CHAMBERLAIN as a candidate for Police Judge of the city of Maysville.

We are authorized to announce GEO. T. HUNTER as a candidate for Judge of the Police Court of the city of Maysville at the coming November election.

FOR POLICE JUDGE.

We are authorized to announce W. A. STOCKDALE as a candidate for Chief of Police of the city of Maysville at the November election.

We are authorized to announce M. J. DONOVAN as a candidate for Chief of Police of the City of Maysville at the November election, 1897.

We are authorized to announce D. P. ORT as a candidate for re-election to

Refreshing Phosphates --- Cold as Klondyke --- Chenoweth's Drug Store.

The Bee Hive!



TAM O'SHANTERS!



Just received new invoices of above stylish headgear for ladies and children. All the latest designs, ranging in price from 19 cents to \$1.00.

NEW PLAID RIBBONS and
NEW ROMAN STRIPE RIBBONS,
the Fad for Neck and Sashes.

REMNANTS.—In every department they're marked one-half to one-quarter regular prices. See them before the best are picked over.

SPECIAL--Stamped Linens!

Fifty dozen Stamped Linen Doilies, from six inch to twenty-four inch, at 1, 2, 5, 10, 12½, 15 and 20 cents each; actual value 5 to 35 cents.

ROSENAU BROS., KINGS OF LOW PRICES

IN CYCLE CIRCLES.

Number of Miles Ridden by Some of Maysville's Wheelers The Past Summer.

REV. FRED HALE is engaged in a big revival meeting at Hillsboro, Woodford County.

DAVE DALEY was fined \$10 and costs in the Police Court this morning for cruelty to animals.

A CONTINUOUS show at popular prices is an innovation. Opera house next week —10, 20 and 30 cents.

MR. AND MRS. HARRY B. OWENS are rejoicing over the arrival of a fine son at their home Thursday night.

FOR SALE—Choice seed rye. Apply to J. C. Owens at the fair grounds, or Jas. W. Fitzgerald at Keith-Schroeder Co.

CHARLES L. CARPENTER, of Wallingford, Calvin D. Moore, of Petersville, and John McCarahan, of Cottageville, have been granted increases of pension.

REV. WM. ECHELMEIER, of Ripley, will preach at the German Church on West Second street Sunday morning at 10:30 o'clock. The public cordially invited.

MR. G. W. ORR, JR., formerly of this city, is building a dog kennel for the Ohio Humane Society at Cincinnati that will cost when completed between \$3,500 and \$4,000.

Go to Ballenger when you want anything in the jewelry line. He is showing an elegant stock of watch charms and other novelties and his goods are not surpassed, anywhere.

MR. AND MRS. W. E. D. STOKES, the multi-millionaires of New York, will entertain a large house party on their beautiful Fayette farm during the big Lexington meeting October 5th to 16th next.

LITTLE MARTHA TRAPP, the fifteen-months-old granddaughter of Mr. and Mrs. John M. Shepard, was painfully burned about the face Thursday by overturning a glass of jelly. She is getting along as well as could be expected.

THE new preacher Rev. F. W. Harrop, to the delight of his congregation, has arrived home and will preach at the Third street M. E. Church at 10:30 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sabbath school at 9:15 a. m. Epworth League at 6:15 p. m. Come and enjoy these services.

CALL and let Murphy, the jeweler, show you the most perfect cuttings on diamonds. Prices that have never been equaled. Mountings that are works of art. Diamonds in every style of mounting. Prices will be an inducement even if you have not thought of buying.

BREAD and honey was served at No. 17 West Second street Friday. The bread cooked by the heat furnished by the Darby Burner was pronounced excellent. There was quite a large number of people in to see the burner in operation, and all pronounce it a grand invention. No dirt, no ashes, but all the heat you need for both cooking and heating.

Y. M. C. A.

The Young People's Baptist Union will have general charge of the men's rally tomorrow afternoon. The subject to be discussed is: "The Completeness of Christian Character." Prof. H. E. Gabby will lead the service while Prof. Andrew Carnahan will have charge of the music which insures a service both of profit and pleasure. All men, young and old, are invited to be present at this interesting service Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

MASSES at St. Patrick's Church Sunday morning at 7:30, 9 and 10:30 a. m. Sunday school, vespers and benediction at the usual hours.

REV. MR. REEVES ON TRIAL.

The Expected Compromise in the Morrison Case at Mt. Sterling Failed to Materialize.

MT. STERLING, Ky., Sept. 17.—The expected compromise in the case of Rev. H. C. Morrison failed to materialize, and this morning the conference entered into the trial of the Rev. John Reeves charged with mal-administration in connection with the Morrison trial before the quarterly conference.

Further proceedings in the Morrison case depend upon the result of the trial of the Rev. Mr. Reeves. Rev. W. E. Arnold is prosecuting the case, and Reeves is his own attorney. The conference will hold an afternoon session until the trial is completed. Only two witnesses were examined at the morning session.

FIRE INSURANCE.—Pickett & Respe, successors to Duley & Baldwin.

ARTISTIC

Footwear



If you will take a peep into our Shoe window you will see that we made our promise good when we said our Shoes will be as good as our Clothing. We are now prepared to show you the best line of Men's Shoes in the State. Every pair we sell you we warrant to wear well; if they don't, we give you another pair.

Next Week

the Maysville Fair,

under its new management, will be in order. We will try to make it as pleasant for visitors as we know how. We always had a weakness for treating fair visitors fair. Come and see us; we will take care of your packages and parcels. Incidentally, if you so desire, we will show you the greatest line of

Clothing!

SHIRTS, HATS and SHOES

in the country. Our prices—well, see the goods; the prices are all right.

HECHINGER & CO.,

Leaders in
Fine Clothing and Shoes.

New Fall Dress Goods!



Plain and Novelties in all wool at 25c. These are a decided bargain.

A handsome line of plain Serges and Coverts at 50c. A beautiful line of Plaids in all the new combinations, for separate skirts and children's dresses. Hose for Ladies, Misses and Children to match. Just received, twenty-five pieces of new and beautiful styles in Percalines, for dresses and shirt waists.



BROWNING & CO

New Store Coming

HAYS & CO.

WILL OPEN A

Dry Goods, Clothing

And SHOE HOUSE,

ON OR ABOUT

SEPTEMBER 18,

In the Ficklin Building, adjoining the First National Bank.

OUR MOTTO: "Undersell."

Ladies'

Vici Kid Goodyear Welt, button and polish, new style lasts, \$2.50, worth \$3.00. *

F. B. RANSON & CO.

SEED wheat at the Old Gold Mills.

PURE vinegar and spices—Calhoun's.

HIGHEST market price paid for wheat and rye at the Old Gold Mills.

ROPER will sell you oysters any way you want them. He gets them direct from Baltimore.

A SON of Mr. J. B. Bentley, of Fredericksburg, Va., is attending Mr. Henry Waller's school in this city.

September 27, 28 and 29, the C. and O. will sell round-trip tickets, Maysville to Louisville, at rate of \$6. See C. and O. agent for further information.

On account of the Maysville Fair the L. and N. will run special trains from Paris Thursday, Friday and Saturday mornings, returning after close of fair.

With Wiley Piatt and Punch Kellner in the points, the Daytonians shut out the Mansfields Thursday, the score standing 4 to 0. Piatt let his opponents down with three hits.

THE Harrodsburg ball team played the Louisvilles a close game Thursday, the score resulting 3 to 2 in favor of the big leaguers. Trinehart Taylor pitched for Harrodsburg and Bill Hill for Louisville.

At the Church of the Nativity to-morrow services will be: Sunday school at 9:30; litany, sermon and holy communion at 10; evening prayer with lecture on the "Ladder of Virtues" at 7:30,

MISSES'
AND CHILDREN'S

Chocolate High Shoes

J. HENRY PECOR.

Nashville and Return \$5.75.

For morning trains of September 20th and 21st, the L. and N. will sell round-trip tickets to Louisville at \$5.75, including admission to exposition and transportation between Union depot and exposition grounds. Return limit September 24th.

Louisville and Return \$6.

For morning trains September 27, 28 and 29th, the L. and N. will sell round-trip tickets to Louisville at \$6. Return limit ten days from date of sale.

THERE will be preaching at Mitchell's Chapel Sunday evening at 7 o'clock by Rev. Mr. Gabby. Everybody invited.

SERVICES in the First Presbyterian Church to-morrow morning at 10:30, and in the evening at 7 o'clock, conducted by the pastor Rev. J. S. Hayes, D. D. Church Sabbath school at 9:30 a. m. Mission Sabbath school in the German Church at 2:30 p. m. Westminster Society of Christian Endeavor at 6:15 p. m.

NIAGARA FALLS.

The Grandeur and Sublimity of One of the Greatest Works of Nature.

Graphic Description of Scenes in Canada and On the St. Lawrence—in the White Mountains—On the Hudson.

[Correspondence of BULLETIN.]

Life to many is monotonous. It is a daily round of routine duty unenlivened by much that can develop the largest possibilities of mind or heart. The continual grud of the wheels wears heavily on the spirit and too many overborne by the disappointments and drudgery of existence throw up their hands and sink into apathy and despair. From paved streets, electric cars and the everyday bustle of the city, to the silence unbroken save by song of bird or tinkling bell of the everlasting mountains, is but a matter of a few hours flight, and we are in the carpeted aisles of the forest, in the wood from which the eternal shadow is never lifted, on the shore of the sea over whose iron coast tosses the tangled foam, sprouting the cracked cliffs with a baptism of whirlwind and tempest. Such were my reflections after nearly two years of incessant toll and application in the counting room, and it was with more than pleasant anticipation that I looked forward to the 12th day of July when I would go away for a month's recreation and pleasure. Boarding a Queen and Crescent train and connecting with the Big Four at Cincinnati, the trip through Tennessee, Kentucky, Ohio, Pennsylvania and New York was without incident, at the end of which was commenced the journey from Niagara to the sea.

We stop here and if possible, at least, make an effort to realize something of the grandeur and sublimity of the greatest work of creation. Before this foaming, roaring, thundering cataract one stands in awe and dread and admiration and feels as never before his own littleness and the infinite littleness of the eternal. Standing on the American shore one may see within fifteen steps as beautiful and as perfect a rainbow as is ever seen in the natural sky, and going over to the Canada side and descending in su elevator and climbing over some slippery rocks may go as near as he dare to the base of the falls, for fear of suffocation from the spray and mist, and returning enters a tunnel some twenty-five yards and go under or behind the falls.

But it is the trip on board the steamer "Maid of the Mist" in the chasm of Niagara river below the great cataract which affords during the summer season one of the most distinct "thrills" in all the world of travel. The vast gulf is full of sound and fury, of rainbows and pearly mist, while the deep green river rushes in mad currents below. The steamer takes on her rubber-clad passengers from a little dock at the foot of the inclined railway in Prospect Park on the State reservation. First the "Rock of Ages" and the American Falls are passed, perilously near as it seems. Then, rounding the point of Goat Island, the tiny craft seems to rush into the very jaws of destruction as she penetrates the seething amphitheatre of the mighty Horseshoe. nearer and nearer, until she seems like a bird held trembling by the awful fascination of the waters. Then the engines are stopped and the boat drifts backward out of the vortex, her passengers awed and silent from their close interview with nature in her sublimest mood.

Before civilization had changed the aspect of North America the grandeur of Niagara was known to the inhabitants of the old world. The scene is much changed since the day when it was regarded as an object of superstitions fear by the Indians. Then perhaps its environment was more harmonious. Hemmed in by a dense forest, the approach to the falls in those early days must have inspired a feeling of reverence and awe. Time also has left its impress on this inexplicable wonder. Slowly but surely the massive granite is being worn away by the unceasing turmoil of the waters, and in 1850 a large portion of Table Rock was precipitated into the gulf with a crash that was heard miles from the scene. In perhaps the best description that has ever been written Charles Dickens says: "And then for the first time I heard the mighty rush of water and felt the ground tremble underneath my feet. It was not until I came on Table Rock and looked—great Heaven—on what a fall of bright green water! that it came upon me in its full might and majesty. Then, when I felt how near to my Creator I was standing, the first effect and the enduring one, lusit and lasting of the tremendous spectacle was peace,—peace of mind, tranquility, calm recollection of the dead, great thoughts of eternal rest and happiness, nothing of gloom or terror. Niagara was at once stamped upon my heart, an image of beauty; to remain there changeless and ludelele until its pulses cease to beat forever."

Leaving the Falls, a two hour's ride through Ontario's magnificent agricultural region with its splendid orchards, gardens, vineyards, meadows and wheat fields brings us to one of the most important cities of the Dominion of Canada. It is the good city of Toronto which Canadians are proud to call the Queen City of the West. It is yet scarcely one hundred years old, has doubled its population in less than fifteen years, and has to-day in round numbers a population of 200,000 souls. It is the seat of learning, of justice and Parliament for the Province. It is also the center of commerce and manufactures, a city of homes and churches and of that hospitality which welcomes the stranger within its gates and gives him an agreeable recollection of his visit.

Having viewed Toronto, we arrange for the continuation of our trip eastward by taking the steamer Corsican for a sail through Lake Ontario and down the St. Lawrence river, passing Dartmouth, Port Hope and Cobourg, places of more or less importance on account of their splendid harbors and being situated in the midst of an exceedingly fertile country. Kingston is next reached which, after Quebec and Halifax, has the strongest fort in the Dominion. A large trade is done here in transhipment of grain from lake vessels into barges. Among other public buildings are the Provincial penitentiary, the military school, &c.

On leaving Kingston (5 a. m.) the steamer soon enters the wonderful and beautiful collection of islands known as The Thousand Islands.

These islands commence near Kingston, and extend downward to Brockville, a distance of over fifty miles. They form the most numerous collection of river islands in the world; are of every imaginable shape, size and appearance, some being mere dots of rocks a few yards in extent, others covering acres, thickly wooded, and presenting the most charming appearance of rich foliage conceivable. At times the steamer

passes so close to these islands that a pebble might be cast on their shore; while looking ahead it appears as though further progress was effectually barred, when rounding the points amid widening passages and bays the way is gradually opened before us. Again the river seems to come to an abrupt termination. Approaching the threatening shores, a channel suddenly appears and you are whirled into a magnificent amphitheater of lake that is, to all appearance, bounded by an immense green bank. At your approach the mass is moved as if by magic, and 100 little isles appear in its place. Such is the charming scenery presented on this beautiful route. Alexandra Bay—This town is built upon a massive pile of rocks, its situation is romantic and highly picturesque.

"Like an Isle under lotian skies"

"Fair is a wreck of paradise."

It is a place of resort for sportsmen, and is celebrated for its shooting and fishing. The beauty of the islands in this vicinity for several miles up and down the river can hardly be imagined without a personal visit. Passing Brockville and Prescott we come to Galop Rapid. It is not so extensive as the succeeding rapids or half so exciting, but it prepares the traveler, from its usual passage for steamers was on the south side; the channel on the north side was formerly considered unsafe and dangerous, but examinations have been made, and it is now deemed with safety. The steamer, after fully entering this rapid, rushes along at the rate of something like twenty miles an hour; the steam is shut off, and she is carried along by the force of the current alone. The surging waters present all the appearance of the ocean in a storm, but, unlike the ordinary pitching and tossing at sea, this going down hill by water produces a highly novel sensation.

The next town is Cornwall, pleasantly situated at the foot of the Long Sault on the Canada side. The boundary between the United States and Canada passes near this village, and the course of the St. Lawrence is hereafter within her Majesty's dominion. Lake St. Francis is an expansion of the St. Lawrence, which begins near Cornwall and extends to Coteau du Lac, a distance of forty miles. Passing Coteau, Cedar, Split Rock and Cascade rapids, Lachine is reached, the last and most important rapid. The steamer after emerging from its first pitch rises firmly on the surging billows, flanked by rocks on each side, steers straight in the swift current guided by the steady eye and sure piloting of the man at the helm. Conversation is almost impossible: the grandeur and magnitude of the scenes around on all sides inspires silence, and no wonder that tourists annually make the "running of the rapids" a worthy link in the chain of their traveling tour through the Dominion. The steamer now comes in full view of one of the greatest wonders of the present age—the Victoria Bridge, spanning the noble St. Lawrence, two miles long, the longest, the largest and most costly bridge in the world. The scene whilst passing under, looking up from the deck of the steamer, is magnificent. After passing this beautiful work of engineering skill, the tourist has the splendid panorama of the fine city of Montreal right before him.

The island of Montreal is the most fertile area in the province of Quebec, and is renowned for its apples—the Pomme Grise, (queen of russets), and the incomparable Faneuse. It is thickly settled and has thriving villages and rich farms, Montreal has a Mountain Park and an Island Park. The drive road the former is a favorite afternoon recreation for citizens and visitors. It ascends by curves to the highest altitude, whence a magnificent panorama is spread. Chief among the public squares and gardens of Montreal in size and historic interest, is the Champ de Mars. The Place d'Armes is framed in as it were by the Corinthian portico of the Montreal bank, the Louvre colonnade of the Canadian Pacific rail, way offices and the towers of Notre Dame. There is no city in America which has a greater number of public institutions. Chief among these is the church of Notre Dame, the largest edifice of the kind in America except the Cathedral of Mexico, the foundations of which were laid in 1672, and a church on the present site completed in 1678. In 1823 when the present temple was devised, which, on the 15th of June, 1829, was opened for public worship under the auspices of Mr. Lariviere, first R. C. Bishop, of Montreal. The pile was intended to be representative of its name-sake, Notre Dame of Paris. Its towers are 27 feet in height and contain a peal of eleven bells, unrivaled on this continent. The "Gros Bourdon" of the western tower is numbered among the five heaviest bells in the world. It weighs 25,670 pounds, is six feet high, and its mouth measure eight feet seven inches in diameter. The nave of the church including the sacristy, is 220 feet in length, nearly 80 feet in height, 60 in width, exclusive of the side aisles which measures 25 1/2 feet each, and the walls are five feet thick. The church will hold 12,000, and on extraordinary occasions when chairs are used 15,000 persons. The twin towers of Notre Dame stand out to every traveler as the most notable landmark of Montreal.

The river St. Lawrence is 1,500 miles long, and drains an area of 330,000 square miles. From Montreal to Quebec a distance of 160 miles, its width varies from one to two miles. From a short distance below Quebec to the Gulf of St. Lawrence it varies from ten to thirty-five miles in width. Half-way between Montreal and Quebec it widens out into Lake St. Peter, which is twenty miles long and nine miles wide. At Quebec the tide rises fourteen feet, but it ceases to be observed at the lower end of Lake St. Peter. The depth of the river is so great that Quebec is one of the few ports in America which the Great Eastern was able to visit.

After a night's trip by the steamer Montreal the old world city of Quebec is reached. Dufferin Terrace and Chateau Frontenac, Wolf and Montcalm monument, house where Montgomery was laid out, Esplanade Citadel, Parliament buildings and numerous other places were visited. There is not on this continent a city whose natural beauties and historical reminders are so great. The city is unique, a walled fortress of unrivaled strength and of magnificent situation. From the height of Cape Diamond, the view of the St. Lawrence is a superb panorama, a view of mountain, river and valley unsurpassed in the world. In passing through the quaint and narrow streets one feels that he is treading on a strange and weird world, wholly at variance with the rest of our continent. It is a city in which romance abounds, and history, and the age of chivalry will draw its memories to the times we live in with a charm that is bewildering and fascinating. Everywhere there are battlements, fortresses, castles, convents, monasteries and towering walls, and the imagination rushes from the enchantment of practical existence to revel in the abridged past.

After traveling 300 miles the next stop is at Newport, Vt., on Lake Memphremagog, a place offering excellent facilities for boating and fishing. The steamer "Lady of the Lake" makes two trips daily through the lake, which is thirty miles long and a most beautiful body of water. Fabry in the heart of the White Mountains at an elevation of 1,400 feet above sea level is an

ideal place for a summer resort, and is patronized by the best people of Boston and New England. From here the Maine Central is taken to the base of Mt. Washington. The ascent is some three miles and the summit, 6,800 feet high. About two-thirds of the way up the tree line is passed and subalpine growth begins. The thermometer registered 45° at 1 p. m. Returning in the afternoon the trip through the White Mountains was made under most favorable circumstances; of all the countless thousands of days that have come and gone seemingly there was none so perfect as this. You are so encompassed with hills that you feel as though you could touch them on every hand. You are in a narrow gorge where nature, in some harsh mood, has torn the hills apart, and then, repentantly, as if to compensate for her harshness, has clothed them in loveliest verdure. Cliff after cliff rises before you in imposing grandeur, while at your feet the green mosses and the tufted ferns grow. Here and there in the blue ether above, a floating cloud passes on its way, or is caught on the summit of a granite crag, where it is held a willing and beautiful prisoner. And the trees assume strange curves of strength and grace as they bend themselves against the mountain side. Whichever way you turn the grandeur that bursts upon your vision awakens emotions that struggle in vain for expression. You now realize the truth of the expression that "All great things make men silent."

Here as nowhere else the terrible, the sublime and the beautiful meet together in the same view. Here the majesty of the mountains is contrasted with the soft, dreamy beauty of swaying forest and musical stream conveying the impression of the primal convulsions of the creation of the world, with the Garden of Eden at your feet.

From now on our journey is hurried as our time is limited and we have promised to stop a few days in Kentucky—the finest country under the sun and where may be found the best people in the world. After a splendid night's rest we are steaming through the quiet waters of Portland harbor and out into the great ocean beyond. Coming down to Boston we are hurried across the city to the N. Y., N. H. and C. R. R. station where we board a train for Fall River. The balance of the trip to New York is made aboard the palatial steamer Priscilla of this line. Having breakfasted and landed we rush over to the foot of DeBrose street and secure passage for the daylight trip on the Hudson river. The first object to most interest us is the Grant monument which stands prominent among the great mausoleums of the world in which are the Taj Mahal of Agra and the last resting-place of Napoleon Bonaparte in the Hotel des Invalides in Paris. It is in Riverside Park at Riverside Drive and One Hundred and Twenty-third street. No more fitting site for this shrine of hero-worship could have been found than the one chosen on the heights of Claremont, overlooking the lordly Hudson, and yet almost within the heart of the greatest metropolis of the Western Hemisphere, now the second largest city in the world, passing Washington Heights, the Stewart Castle, Irvington, the Palisades and the Highlands a scene of beauty and attractiveness is opened up surpassing the dreams of the most visionary. Words are inadequate, and the speech of man expressless when he attempts to portray the glories of this enchanted region. Bayard Taylor after having traveled over and viewed everything that was beautiful and grand among the rivers and mountains of the earth said: "The glorious river—still, to my eyes, after seeing the Daube, the Rhine, the Rhone, the Nile and the Ganges, the most beautiful river in the world." At another time he says: "But there is one river which from its source to the ocean runs a long chain of landscapes wherein there is no tame feature, but each successive view presents new combinations of beauty and majesty which other rivers may surpass in sections, but none rival as a whole, and its name is 'The Hudson.' S. G. T. Chattanooga, Tenn.

A man may dress as well as his own good judgment and the assistance of an artistic tailor may elect. He may take his "tubs" but if his digestive organs are out of order, he will have an unwholesome appearance. His complexion and the white of his eyes will have a yellowish cast. His tongue will be coated, appetite poor, his teeth rusty, his breath abominable. He is one big, unattractive sign of constipation. The quickest, surest, easiest way to cure this trouble is to take Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They are made of refined, concentrated vegetable extracts. Nothing in the least harmful enters into their composition. They hunt down all impurities, and "make them move on." They are the product of many years' study and practice. Dr. Pierce cannot afford to put forth a worthless article.

Address with 21 cents in one-cent stamps, to cover cost of mailing only, World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y., and get a free copy of the "Medical Adviser."

WABASH, Ind., Sept. 18.—Solomon Helvey, 90 years old, a farmer living in the western part of the county, was struck and fatally injured by a falling tree near Keller's Station yesterday. He, with George Sample, was loading logs, and a huge beech crashed upon the rear of the wagon, bearing Helvey to the ground. His skull was fractured.

J. H. RAINS & Co. pay the highest market price for wheat and rye, and have for sale the best brands of flour and salt.

Lightning Hot Drops.
CURES
HEALS
BREAKS UP
RELIEF POSITIVELY GUARANTEED
HERB MEDICINE CO., SPRINGFIELD, O.
PRICE: 25[¢] 50[¢]
FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS

10:05 a. m. No. 191. 5:30 a. m.
11:20 p. m. No. 14. 6:10 a. m.
No. 28. 5:25 p. m. No. 17. 8:30 a. m.
No. 201. 7:50 p. m. No. 38. 3:25 p. m.
No. 4. 10:45 p. m. No. 161. 4:35 p. m.

G. A. R.

Old Camp Fire

At Electric Park, on the Nights of September 23, 24 and 25.

Many prominent speakers have been invited and are expected to be present, such as Governor W. O. Bradley, of Kentucky. Lt. Gov. W. W. Worthington, of Kentucky. Congressman Sam. J. Pugh. Hon. John W. Yerkes. Hon. W. D. Dearing. Department Commander A. J. Tharp, of Winona, Ky.

Comrades from many Posts have been invited and we hope to see the Boys in Blue rally once again.

There will be a public drill each evening under command of Colonel Geo. M. Clinger and Adj'tant T. K. Proctor.

We will have good music, with dancing. Tickets of admission will be 10 cents and each ticket includes admission to the fair of benefit and refreshments can be had on the grounds.

The Camp Fire will be in charge and under the control of the Joe Heiser Post No. 13, and good order will prevail. The proceeds are for the benefit of the Post.

All candidates of all parties cordially invited. N. B.—A premium will be given to the person selling the most tickets.

ON MEMORY'S WALLS



Of all the beautiful pictures that hang on memory's wall There is one loved picture ever Which seemeth the best of all.

All of which is no doubt true in everyone's experience, but how true also is it that memory's faces and faces we would recall by its aid we sometimes cannot, perfectly. Then see to it that your friends have good pictures and that you have GOOD pictures of your friends. Elegant Calabuts, \$1 a dozen. See our Steelographs.

CADY'S ART STUDIO.

Washington Opera House

ALL NEXT WEEK.

FREMONT'S COMEDIANS

In a repertoire of latest successes. No stars, all artists. Fifteen people. Opening in the laughing success

THE OLD SOLDIER.

Two and a half hours of merriment. A continuous show. Dancing and singing galore. Change of play nightly. Popular prices—10, 20, 30c. Seats on sale Saturday morning at Nelson's store.

Wm. H. Fremont, Manager.

.....NEW FIRM—NEW GOODS.....

Leonard & Lalley,

Successors to S. A. Shanklin,
Dealers in

STOVES

Grates, Mantels, Tinware, Blued, White and Granite Ware, Galvanized Tubs, Buckets and everything carried in a first-class Tin store.

Agents For Celebrated John Van Range

and Eclipse Stoves and Ranges. Personal attention given to Roofing, Guttering, Spouting and General Job Work.

Tudor Building, Market St.

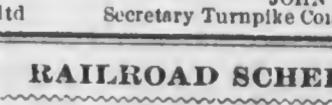
CONTRACTORS

WANTED.

Contractors Clark and Hawkins have given up their contracts on the extension of the Hill City Turnpike. We will let said contracts as a whole or in part to the lowest and best bidder, retaining the privilege of rejecting or all bids on the same. Bids will be received up to and opened on Saturday, September 18th, 1897.

JOHN E. WELLS,
Secretary Turnpike Commissioners.

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.



CINCINNATI DIVISION CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO.

WEST.

No. 16. 10:05 a. m. No. 191. 5:30 a. m.

No. 28. 11:20 p. m. No. 14. 6:10 a. m.

No. 18. 5:25 p. m. No. 17. 8:30 a. m.

No. 201. 7:50 p. m. No. 38. 3:25 p.